

Nginx 目录

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1. 使用 logrotate (工具)

logrotate 在 Linux 目录

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1. 使用 logrotate 工具 (在 `/etc/logrotate.d/nginx`)

```
sudo nano /etc/logrotate.d/nginx
```

2. 配置

```
/var/log/nginx/*.log {
    daily
    missingok
    rotate 14
    compress
    delaycompress
    notifempty
    create 0640 www-data adm
    sharedscripts
    postrotate
        if [ -f /var/run/nginx.pid ]; then
            kill -USR1 `cat /var/run/nginx.pid`
        fi
    endscript
}
```



- `daily` : `daily`
- `missingok` : `missingok`
- `rotate 14` : `14`
- `compress` : `gzip`
- `delaycompress` : `delaycompress`
- `notifempty` : `notifempty`
- `create 0640 www-data adm` : `create 0640 www-data adm`
- `sharedscripts` : `sharedscripts` `postrotate` `postrotate`
- `postrotate` : `postrotate` `nginx` `nginx`

3. `logrotate`

```
sudo logrotate -d /etc/logrotate.d/nginx
```

4. `logrotate`

```
sudo logrotate -f /etc/logrotate.d/nginx
```

2. `cron`

1. `nginx_logrotate.sh` : `/usr/local/bin/nginx_logrotate.sh` :

```
#!/bin/bash
# Nginx
LOGS_PATH=/var/log/nginx
#
YESTERDAY=$(date -d "yesterday" +%Y-%m-%d)
#
mv ${LOGS_PATH}/access.log ${LOGS_PATH}/access_${YESTERDAY}.log
mv ${LOGS_PATH}/error.log ${LOGS_PATH}/error_${YESTERDAY}.log
# nginx      USR1
kill -USR1 $(cat /var/run/nginx.pid)
```

2. `chmod`

```
chmod +x /usr/local/bin/nginx_logrotate.sh
```

3. `cron`

